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Please write clearly in block c	tals.	
Centre number	Candidate number	r
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature		

### GCSE PHYSICS

Higher Tier

Friday 14 June 2019

Morning

#### Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

#### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a protractor
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the box at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Paper 2

#### Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.



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	Figure 3 shows how a concave lens forms the image of an object.	Do not write outside the box
	Figure 3	
	Object F Image	
01.3	Give <b>one</b> similarity and <b>one</b> difference between the image formed by the convex lens and the image formed by the concave lens. [2 marks]	
	Similarity	
	Difference	
0 1.4	A person uses a lens to read the letters on the back of a coin.	
	The image height of the letters on the coin is 9.0 mm	
	The magnification produced by the lens is 6.0	
	Calculate the height of the letters on the coin.	
	Use the Physics Equations sheet. [3 marks]	
	Height = mm	8





0 2	Figure 4 shows the apparatus used to investigate the waves in a stretched string.	Do not wri outside th box
	Figure 4	
Ма	Pulley String Movable wooden bridge Vibration Signal generator	
	The frequency of the signal generator is adjusted so that the wave shown in <b>Figure 4</b> is seen. At this frequency the string vibrates between the two positions shown in <b>Figure 4</b> .	
02.1	The wavelength of the wave shown in <b>Figure 4</b> was measured as 80 cm What piece of apparatus would have been suitable for measuring this wavelength? [1 mark]	
02.2	Write down the equation which links frequency, wavelength and wave speed. [1 mark]	
02.3	The string in <b>Figure 4</b> vibrates at 55 Hz	
	Calculate the wave speed of the wave shown in Figure 4.	
	Use data given in Figure 4. [3 marks]	
	Wave speed = m/s	



box





Turn over ►

11

0 3.1	The driver of a vehicle sees a hazard on the road.	Do not write outside the box
	The driver uses the brakes to stop the vehicle.	
	Explain the factors that affect the distance needed to stop a vehicle in an emergency. [6 marks]	



<b>0 3</b> . <b>3</b> The work done by the braking force to stop a vehicle was 900 000 J	
The braking force was 60 000 N	
Calculate the braking distance of the vehicle. [3 marks]	
Braking distance = m	
<b>0 3</b> . <b>4</b> The greater the braking force, the greater the deceleration of a vehicle. Explain the possible dangers caused by a vehicle having a large deceleration when it	
is braking. [2 marks]	
Turn over for the next question	12



Turn over ►

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**0 4 . 3 Table 1** shows the results.

Table 1

Current in amps	Number of turns of wire	Maximum weight in newtons
1.0	30	6.5
1.5	20	6.4
2.0	10	3.7

Explain why the method used by the student is **not** valid for this investigation.

[2 marks]







	Turn over ►	
	Turn over for the next question	
		8
04.5	How does increasing the number of turns of wire from 10 to 20 affect the strength of the electromagnet, compared to increasing the number of turns of wire from 20 to 30?	Do not write outside the box
		D



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0 5 . 1								
	Complete th	e sentenc	e.					[1 mark]
	The term rec	d-shift des	cribes the	observed	increase			
	in the			00301700	of the light	from a dist	ant galaxy	
							ani galazy	
152	The Big Ban	a theory is	s one mod	el used to	explain the	oriain of th	ne universe	2
, <u>,</u>	How does th	ne Big Ban	a theory d	escribe th	e universe	when it bec	nan?	
		lo big ball	g theory a				juir.	[1 mark]
	Figure 9 sho	ows data s	scientists h	nave calcu	lated from r	neasureme	ents of red-	·shift.
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Speed of gal way from Ea 1 m / s × 10 <sup>7</sup>	Figure 9 sho	ows data s	scientists h	have calcu Figure 9	lated from r	measureme	ents of red	-shift.



05.3	Describe the relationship between the speed of a galaxy and the distance the galaxy is from the Earth. [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
0 5.4	Which of the following is the same as $6 \times 10^{12}$ terametres? [1 mark] Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) one box.	
	6 × 10 <sup>15</sup> m	
	6 × 10 <sup>18</sup> m	
	6 × 10 <sup>21</sup> m	
	6 × 10 <sup>24</sup> m	
05.5	Explain how the data in <b>Figure 9</b> supports the suggestion that the universe began from a very small region. [2 marks]	
	Question 5 continues on the next page	



05.6	The Big Bang theory suggested that gravity would slow the rate at which galaxies move away from the Earth. New observations suggest that distant galaxies are moving away from the Earth at an increasingly fast rate. What do the new observations suggest is happening to the universe? [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
05.7	New observations and data that do not fit existing theories should undergo peer review. Give <b>one</b> reason why peer review is an important process. [1 mark]	
05.8	The Andromeda galaxy is moving towards the Earth. Describe how the wavelength and frequency of the light from Andromeda seem to have changed when viewed from the Earth. [2 marks]	
		10



0 6.1	An adult of mass 80 kg has more inertia than a child of mass 40 kg	Do not write outside the box
	What is inertia?	
	[1 mark]	
0 6 . 2	A teacher demonstrated the idea of a safety surface.	
	She dropped a raw egg into a box filled with pieces of soft foam.	
	The egg did not break.	
	Figure 10 shows the demonstration.	
	Figure 10	
	Figg Pieces of soft foam	
	onto a concrete floor. [3 marks]	
<u> </u>		







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8

				Figure 12				
Ra	dio	Microwave	Infrared	Visible light	Ultraviolet	X-ray	Gamma	
	Which Tick The The The The	ch statement i (✓) <b>one</b> box. wavelength d frequency inc frequency inc wavelength ir	s correct for ecreases and reases and t reases and t ncreases and	the direction the wave the waveler the wave sp d the wave s	on of the arrow speed in air in ngth increases. beed in air stay	in <b>Figure</b> acreases. <i>y</i> s the sam	12? [1	mark]
. 2	Expl of bo	ain how the p ones.	roperties of 2	X-rays mak	e them suitable	e for the m	ledical imaging	g narks]

outside the box



Do not write
outside the
box

	Table 2 show	ws the results.		
		Table	2	
		Type of surface	Temperature in °C	C
		Matt black	68.0	
		Matt white	65.5	
		Shiny black	66.3	
		Shiny silver	28.0	
07.5	The four tem detector give Give the rea	perature values in <b>Table</b> es precise readings. son why.	2 cannot be used to show that	t the infrared [1 mark]
0 7.6	The student	looked at the data in <b>Tab</b>	le 2 and concluded:	
	'A black surf	ace always emits more in	frared radiation than a white s	urface.'
	Explain how using an infrared detector with a resolution of 1 °C would have affecte the student's conclusion.			ld have affected
				[2 marks]



	Albedo is a measure of the amount of solar radiation reflected by an object compared to the total solar radiation incident on the object.	Do not write outside the box
	A perfect reflector has an Albedo value of 1.0 A perfect absorber has an Albedo value of 0.0	
07.7	What is the Albedo value of a perfect black body? [1 mark]	
07.8	Figure 14 shows two points, <b>A</b> and <b>B</b> , just above the Earth's surface.	
	Figure 14	
	•A •B	
	Earth's surface	
	The average Albedo value of the Earth's surface is 0.3 The Albedo value of thick cloud varies between 0.6 and 0.9	
	At night the air at point <b>A</b> cools faster than the air at point <b>B</b> .	
	Explain why. [3 marks]	
		12







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08.2	Explain the changing motion of the skydiver in terms of the forces acting on the skydiver.		Do not write outside the box
		[4 marks]	
08.3	Use <b>Figure 15</b> to determine the speed of the skydiver between 7 seconds and 12 seconds.	[3 marks]	
	Speed =	m/s	
	Question 8 continues on the next page		
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## In 2012 a skydiver jumped from a helium balloon 39 000 metres above the Earth's surface. The skydiver reached a maximum speed of 377 m/s

Jumping from 39 000 metres allowed the skydiver to reach a much higher speed than a skydiver jumping from 4000 metres.

[3 marks]

12



08.

4

Explain why.





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09.2	Which of the following is the same as 2 microseconds?   Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) one box. $2 \times 10^3$ s $2 \times 10^3$ s $2 \times 10^6$ s $2 \times 10^9$ s	Do not write outside the box
09.3	Ultrasound travels at 6300 m/s in aluminium. Determine the depth of the crack below the top surface of the aluminium. Use information from Figure 17. Give your answer to two significant figures. [4 marks]	
	Depth = m Question 9 continues on the next page	







11

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Question 10 continues on the next page



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		Do not write
	When the ramp is lowered, work is done to stretch a spring on the side of the ramp. Elastic potential energy is stored in the stretched spring.	outside the box
	Figure 20 shows the ramp part way down in a balanced horizontal position.	
	Figure 20	
	Ramp Ramp Weight of the ramp	
10.2	With the ramp horizontal:	
	the moment caused by the weight of the ramp = 924 Nm	
	the spring is stretched by 0.250 m	
	Calculate the elastic potential energy stored in the stretched spring.	
	Use data from Figure 20. [6 marks]	
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
	Elastic potential energy = J	
	END OF QUESTIONS	









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