## GCSE (9-1)

## Physics B (Twenty First Century Science)

J259/02: Depth in physics (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for November 2020

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.
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Annotations

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Correct response |
| A | Incorrect response |
| BOD | Omission mark |
| CON | Benefit of doubt given |
| RE | Contradiction |
| SF | Rounding error |
| ECF | Error in number of significant figures |
| L1 | Error carried forward |
| L2 | Level 1 |
| L3 | Level 2 |
| NBOD | Level 3 |
| SEEN | Benefit of doubt not given |
| I | Noted but no credit given |

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\boldsymbol{I}$ | alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point |
| $\checkmark$ | Separates marking points |
| DO NOT ALLOW | Answers which are not worthy of credit |
| IGNORE | Atatements which are irrelevant |
| ALLOW | Words which are not essential to gain credit |
| ( ) | Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark |
| ECF | Alternative wording |
| AW | Or reverse argument |
| ORA |  |

## Subject-specific Marking Instructions

## INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.
You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet Instructions for Examiners. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Physics B:

|  | Assessment Objective |
| :---: | :--- |
| AO1 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures. |
| AO1.1 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas. |
| AO1.2 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures. |
| AO2 | Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures. |
| AO2.1 | Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas. |
| AO2.2 | Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures. |
| AO3 | Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve <br> experimental procedures. <br> AO3.1 <br> Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate. <br> AO3.1a <br> Analyse information and ideas to interpret. <br> AO3.1b <br> AO3.2 <br> Analyse information and ideas to evaluate. <br> AO3.2a <br> Analyse information and ideas to make judgements. <br> AO3.2b <br> Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions. <br> AO3.3 <br> AO3.3a <br> Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures. <br> Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures. <br> Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures. |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | AO element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) |  | $B \checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 | tick in $2^{\text {nd }}$ box |
|  | (b) |  | Spectrum $\checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 | word ringed |
|  | (c) | (i) | Violet $\checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 | tick in $3^{\text {rd }}$ box |
|  |  | (ii) | Red $\checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 | tick in ${ }^{\text {st }}$ box |
|  |  | (iii) | Different colours have different wavelengths/ travel at different speeds (inside the glass) $\checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 | ALLOW correct change e.g. shorter wavelengths travel more slowly <br> DO NOT ALLOW different frequencies |


| Question |  |  | Answer |  |  | Marks | AO element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (a) |  | Pole on first <br> magnet <br>  <br> N <br> N <br> S <br> S <br> Attract correctly Both Repel corre | Pole on second <br> magnet  <br>  S <br>  N <br>  S <br>   <br>  N | Result <br> (Attract) <br> Repel <br> Repel <br> Attract | 2 | 1.1 |  |
|  | (b) | (i) | Arrow heads on | four lines in corre | direction | 1 | 2.1 | ALLOW extra correct field lines with arrow heads in correct direction. |
|  |  | (ii) | Stronger $\checkmark$ <br> Closer together |  |  | 2 | 2.1 |  |
|  |  | (iii) | An induced mag from a magnetic | loses its magnetis d | when removed | 1 | 1.1 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | AO | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | (a) | (i) | Constant velocity / speed (downwards) OR zero acceleration | 1 | 1.1 |  |
|  |  | (ii) | One arrow up and one arrow down drawn approximately the same length <br> Weight (downwards) AND Air resistance /Friction due to air (upwards) $\sqrt{ }$ | 2 | 2.2 | ALLOW $W$ or $m g$ for weight for any upward arrow ALLOW drag for air resistance for any downward arrow |
|  | (b) |  | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer $=\mathbf{6 0 0}(\mathbf{N})$ award 2 marks $\begin{aligned} & =60 \times 10 \checkmark \\ & =600(\mathrm{~N}) \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 2.1 |  |
|  | (c) | (i) | Velocity/Displacement $\checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 | ALLOW acceleration / momentum / force ALLOW any other vector quantity DO NOT ALLOW weight / distance |
|  |  | (ii) | Vectors have direction OR scalars do not have direction $\checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | $\overline{\mathrm{AO}}$ <br> element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | (a) | (i) | Points plotted correctly ((4, 6.0) and $(5,7.5)) \checkmark$ <br> Straight line drawn through all points | 2 | 1.2 | ALLOW points to within half a square of correct coordinates. |
|  |  | (ii) | The extension increases as weight increases/extension (directly) proportional to weight | 1 | 2.1 | ALLOW as weight doubles extension doubles ORA <br> ALLOW weight increases as extension increases / weight (directly) proportional to extension |
|  |  | (iii) | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer $=0.67$ (N/cm) award 3 marks $\begin{aligned} & =5 \div 7.5 \checkmark \\ & =0.666 \ldots \checkmark \\ & =0.67(\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{cm}) \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 3 | $2 \times 2.1$ $1.2$ | ALLOW ECF from mis-plotted graph ALLOW any correct choice of pair of co-ordinates on the line and correctly calculated extension <br> Answer to 2 s. f. |
|  | (b) |  | Non-linear $\checkmark$ <br> Rubber band | 2 | 2.1 |  |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | AO <br> element |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | (a) | (Atom A - Number of Neutrons = ) 6 <br> (Atom C - Atomic number = ) 7 <br> $\checkmark$ | 1 | 2.2 |  |
|  | (b) | Atom A AND Atom B $\checkmark$ | 1 | 2.1 | Both ringed |
|  | (c) | Beta particle $\checkmark$ | 1 | 1.1 | Ringed |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | AO element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | (a) | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer $=15.8 \Omega$ award 4 marks $\begin{aligned} & =6.0 \div 0.38 \checkmark \\ & =15.789 \ldots \ldots \checkmark \\ & =15.8(1 \text { decimal place }) \checkmark \\ & =15.8 \Omega \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 2.1 <br> 2.1 <br> 1.2 <br> 1.1 | ALLOW use of any point on the line. Correct answers will be in range 15.7 to $16.0 \Omega$ <br> ALLOW 15.78 i.e. answers that round to the correct answer to the required number of d.p. <br> ALLOW 1 mark for ohm(s) or $\Omega$ |
|  | (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Constant } R \text { (for straight region of graph) } \checkmark \\ & R \text { changes above } 5.6( \pm 0.2) \vee \checkmark \\ & R \text { increases (for curved region of graph) } \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 3.1a |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | AO element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | * |  | Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. <br> Level 3 (5-6 marks) <br> Explains why Sarah's method is inaccurate with reference to error and calculations <br> AND <br> Suggests one detailed method that Sarah can use to measure speed of sound <br> There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. <br> Level 2 (3-4 marks) <br> Explains why Sarah's method is inaccurate with reference to error ANDIOR calculations <br> AND <br> Suggests one method to measure speed of sound <br> There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. <br> Level 1 (1-2 marks) <br> Explains reasons why Sarah's method is inaccurate OR <br> Suggests one sound method to measure speed of sound There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. <br> 0 marks <br> No response or no response worthy of credit. | 6 | 1.2 2.1 $2 \times 3.1 \mathrm{~b}$ $2 \times 3.3 \mathrm{a}$ | AO 1.2 Demonstrates knowledge of speed equation <br> - Conversion of units <br> AO 2.1 Applies knowledge of speed equation and units <br> - Use of speed $=$ distance $\div$ time to calculate speed of sound approx. $1000 / 4=250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ or time of 2.9 s or distance of 1360 m <br> AO 3.1b Evaluates information and ideas For example: <br> - Compares approx. value to actual speed of sound <br> - The values don't compare so method is suitable to measure the speed of sound <br> - The method is not suitable as the time and distance is only an approximation <br> - Not possible to take an average to reduce random error <br> AO 3.3a Makes developments to experimental procedure <br> For example: <br> - Description may include a diagram of an alternative method which either only involves Sarah or involves another person, e.g. measuring the time taken for a sound to travel from a source to a detector (echo off a wall)/two microphones and a digital time or e.g. timing the time between lightning and thunder and determine the distance from a map. |


| Question |  | Answer | MarksAO <br> element | Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | (a) | Condensation $\checkmark$ <br> Sublimation $\checkmark$ <br> Evaporation $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 1}$ |  |
| (b) | Same number of particles / mass is constant $\checkmark$ <br> (But density decreases) in water vapour as same mass in <br> greater volume / particles are further apart ORA $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 1}$ |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | AO <br> element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | (a) | (i) | $3 \checkmark$ | 1 | 2.2 |  |
|  |  | (ii) | Lower slope /gradient or less steep (for 15 - 30 min ) ORA for 30-45 min $\checkmark$ | 1 | 2.2 | time must be stated for reverse argument |
|  | (b) |  | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.6 (km/min) award 2 marks $=6 \div 10$ $=0.6(\mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{min}) \checkmark$ | 2 | 2.2 | ALLOW this gradient from distance time graph calculated using any pair of co-ordinates on the correct part of the line. <br> ALLOW full marks for calculations with converted units and correct unit for speed. <br> ALLOW one mark for conversion or partial conversion with incorrect units <br> ALLOW $6 \div 600$ OR $6000 \div 10$ OR $6000 \div 600$ <br> ALLOW 10 m/s |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | AO element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | (a) | (i) | Similarity: More generated in summer months rather than winter $\checkmark$ <br> Difference: Individual months are not the same/ Amir has higher maximum value and/or lower minimum value $\checkmark$ | 2 | 3.1a | ALLOW any valid similarity <br> ALLOW any valid difference |
|  |  | (ii) | Any two from: <br> Idea of weather conditions not always the same/AW $\checkmark$ <br> Company recorded average over several years - Amir over 1 year OR Amir only has small sample (1 year) OR For accurate data, a large sample of more than 1 year needed $\checkmark$ <br> Repeated readings needed to reduce effect of outliers $\checkmark$ | 2 | 3.2a |  |
|  | (b) | (i) | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = $£ 4815$ award 3 marks <br> $3800 \div 350(=11)$ solar panels needed to produce minimum of 3850 W $\begin{aligned} & 11 \times 415=4565 \checkmark \\ & 4565+250=4815 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 2.1 | ALLOW ECF for 10 or 10.87 for a maximum of two marks. <br> ALLOW ECF for incorrect cost of panels for including cost of battery for 1 mark |
|  |  | (ii) | (Solar Panels because) <br> Wind turbines required $=3800 / 1250=3.04$ so 4 needed cost $4 \times 1500=£ 6000$ ( $+£ 250$ battery) OR so 4 needed cost $4 \times 1500(+£ 250)>£ 5000 \checkmark$ <br> Cannot buy enough with $£ 5000$ to deliver enough power OR | 2 | 3.2b | Calculation of the number of wind turbines required $(3800 / 1250=3.04)$ so 4 needed cost $4 \times 1500=£ 6000$ OR $>£ 5000$ <br> Conclusion based on candidate's calculated value using correct method. |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | $\begin{array}{c}\text { AO } \\ \text { element }\end{array}$ | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Max number of wind turbines }=£ 5000(-£ 250) \div £ 1500 \\ =3.3 \text { (or 3.2) } \\ \text { so } 3 \text { is max number and max power }=3 \times 1250=3750 \checkmark \\ \text { Cannot get enough power from } 3 \text { wind turbines } \checkmark\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Calculation of number of wind turbines that can be } \\ \text { bought with } £ 5000\end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Conclusion based on candidate's calculated value } \\ \text { using correct method. }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ALLOW comparison of wind turbine calculated |  |  |  |  |  |
| value with solar panel value from (bi) $=£ 4565$ and |  |  |  |  |  |
| conclusion based on candidate's values. |  |  |  |  |  |$]$


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | AO | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | (a) |  | Timer/stop watch <br> Thermometer/digital thermometer | 2 | 1.1 |  |
|  | (b) |  | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = $432 \mathbf{0 0 0 ( J ) ~ a w a r d ~} \mathbf{3}$ marks $\begin{aligned} & \text { time }=180(\mathrm{~s}) \checkmark \\ & \text { power }=2400 \mathrm{~W} \checkmark \\ & \text { power } \times \text { time }=2400 \times 180 \checkmark \\ & \text { Energy }=432000(\mathrm{~J}) \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 2.1 \\ & 2.1 \end{aligned}$ | ALLOW 2 mark for 7.2 (J) ALLOW 3 marks for 432(J) OR 7200 <br> ALLOW ECF for candidate's time and power ALLOW ECF for power and time conversions |
|  | (c) | (i) | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.48 award 2 marks $\begin{aligned} & 345600 / 432000 \checkmark \\ & =0.8 \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 2.1 | ALLOW ECF (b) ALLOW answer given as \% |
|  |  | (ii) | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 4320 award 2 marks $\begin{aligned} & 345600 / 1 \times 80 \checkmark \\ & =4320\left(\mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 2.1 |  |
|  | (d) | (i) | (Thermal) energy dissipated to the surroundings $\checkmark$ | 1 | 3.2a | ALLOW energy is lost to the surroundings ALLOW examples for surroundings e.g. element air |
|  |  | (ii) | Any one from: Insulate kettle $\checkmark$ <br> Shorter temperature change $\checkmark$ <br> Shorter time $\checkmark$ | 1 | 3.3b | IGNORE repeat and calculate an average value |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | AO <br> element | Guidance |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | (a) | Further $\checkmark$ <br> More $\checkmark$ <br> Red $\checkmark$ <br> Wavelength <br> Faster $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | 3.1a | 4 marks for 5 correct <br> 3 marks for 4 correct <br> 2 maks for 3 correct <br> 1 mark for 1 or 2 correct |
| (b) | Why: To see if the work is accurate/correct/valid/well <br> preformed $\checkmark$ <br> How: The work is checked by other scientists/experts in <br> the field $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 2}$ | ALLOW Answers for 'why' and 'how' transposed |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | AO element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | (a) |  | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 125(A) award 3 marks $\begin{aligned} & V_{1} \times I_{1}=25000 \times 2000=50000000 \\ & I_{2}=50000000 \div 400000 \checkmark \\ & =125 \mathrm{~A} \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 2.1 | ALLOW $V_{1} \times I_{1}=V_{2} \times I_{2}$ OR $400000 \times 2000$ ALLOW $I_{2}=I_{1} \div 16$ |
|  | (b) | (i) | 40000 (kWh) $\checkmark$ | 1 | 2.2 |  |
|  |  | (ii) | Between $9.30 \mathrm{pm}-10.30 \mathrm{pm} \checkmark$ | 1 | 2.2 | ALLOW answers between 9.30 pm and 10.30 pm |
|  |  | (iii) | $4 \mathrm{pm} \checkmark$ | 1 | 2.2 |  |
|  | (c)* |  | Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. <br> Level 3 (5-6 marks) <br> Describes in detail the advantages and disadvantages of at least two different power stations. <br> AND <br> Uses data from the table and/or graph to make a valid conclusion of how the power stations can be used to meet electrical demand over a day. <br> There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. <br> Level 2 (3-4 marks) <br> Describes advantages and disadvantages of at least two different power stations. <br> AND | 6 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 1.1 \\ 2 \times 2.2 \\ 2 \times 3.2 b \end{gathered}$ | A01.1 - Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of advantages and disadvantages of electricity generation by fossil fuels and renewable sources <br> For example: <br> - Wind only generates electricity when the wind blows <br> - Solar panels only generate electricity during the day <br> - Fossil fuels are non-renewable, but work 24/7 <br> - Hydroelectric generates only when the water level is high in a reservoir <br> - Wind/solar/hydroelectric are renewable <br> - Wind solar and hydroelectric Or the renewables cannot generate all the time Or depend on weather conditions. |


| Question | Answer | Marks | AO element | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Uses data from the table or graph to suggest how the power stations can be used to meet electrical demand over a day. <br> There is a line of reasoning with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. <br> Level 1 (1-2 marks) <br> Describes advantages and/or disadvantages of one or more types of power station. <br> OR <br> Uses data from the table or graph to suggest how the power stations can be used to meet electrical demand over a day. <br> There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. <br> 0 Marks <br> No response or no response worthy of credit. |  |  | AO2.1 - Applies knowledge and understanding of how energy is generated in relation to the details in the table and the graph <br> For example: <br> - Fossil fuels have long start-up times so need to be left running <br> - Base load can be met by adding power of fossil fuels with one of the renewables <br> - Demand cannot be met by the renewables alone <br> - Show evidence of correct calculations <br> AO3.2b - Analyses information to make judgements and draw detailed and supported conclusions from the graph and the table <br> For example: <br> - Hydroelectric power is the only reliable way of meeting demand as wind and solar are unreliable <br> - Wind/solar energy may not be available at the same time so we cannot assume all the max. power is available at any one time <br> - Fossil fuels plus a combination of the renewables are needed to provide energy |

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