Oxford Cambridge and RSA

# GCSE (9-1) Mathematics <br> J560/03 Paper 3 (Foundation Tier) <br> Practice Paper 

## Date - Morning/Afternoon

## Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes



## You may use:

- A scientific or graphical calculator
- Geometrical instruments
- Tracing paper



## INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You may use an HB pencil for graphs and diagrams.
- Complete the boxes above with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.
- Where appropriate, your answers should be supported with working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do not write in the bar codes.


## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [ ].
- Use the $\pi$ button on your calculator or take $\pi$ to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.
- This document consists of $\mathbf{2 0}$ pages.


## Answer all the questions

1 Here is a diagram.


## Not to scale

(a) Work out angle a.
(a) $a=$
${ }^{\circ}$ [1]
(b) Work out angle $b$.
(b) $b=$

2 (a) Write down a number between 1.56 and 1.57.
(a)
(b) Write down a prime number between 14 and 22 .
(b)
(c) Find a fraction between $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$.
(c)

3 (a) (i) Draw a rectangle that is congruent to rectangle $\mathbf{A}$.
Label it B.
(ii) Draw a rectangle that has the same perimeter as rectangle A, but a different area. Label it C.

(b) Draw an isosceles triangle with area $8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ on the grid below.


4 (a) Ken has a bag containing counters.
2 are white, 3 are black and 4 are red.
He takes one of these counters at random.
What is the probability that the counter is white?
(a)
(b) Abi has a bag containing black counters and white counters.

The ratio of black to white counters is $1: 2$.
Abi takes one of these counters at random.
What is the probability that it is black?
(b)
[1]
(c) Jemma has a bag containing 24 balls.
(i) The probability that a ball taken from the bag at random is green is $\frac{1}{3}$.

How many of the 24 balls are green?
(c)(i)
(ii) 12 of the 24 balls are blue.

Jemma takes a ball from the bag at random and then puts it back.
She then takes a ball again at random.
What is the probability that both balls are blue?
(ii)

5 Amy is making a rectangular quilt by sewing together squares of fabric.
Each square is 12 cm by 12 cm .
The finished quilt must be at least 1.5 m wide and at least 2.1 m long.
(a) What is the smallest number of squares that Amy can use? Show how you decide.
(a)
squares [5]
(b) The area of the finished quilt is about $3.4 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.

Amy says
$3.4 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ is the same as $340 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
Show that Amy is wrong.

6 (a) Show that the highest common factor of 12 and 30 is 6.
(b) Show that 77 is not a square number.

7 Helen needs to buy 6 packs of tea.
This table shows the offers available in two shops.

| Shop | Offer |
| :---: | :--- |
| A | 3 for the price of 2 |
| B | Buy one, get one half price |

A single pack of tea costs the same in each shop.
Which shop is cheaper for Helen?
Explain how you decide.

8 Hardeep asks 25 people how many portions of fruit and vegetables they ate yesterday. The results are shown in this table.

| Number of portions | Frequency |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 4 | 4 |  |
| 5 | 6 |  |
| 6 | 8 |  |
| 7 | 5 |  |
| 8 | 2 |  |

(a) Calculate the mean number of portions.
(a)
(b) Hardeep ate no portions of fruit and vegetables yesterday.

He decides to include this in his results.
Explain how this will affect
(i) the mode,
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) the range.
$\qquad$

9 (a) Evaluate.

$$
\frac{3}{0.4^{2}}
$$

(a)
(b) Find $p$ if $p^{3}=37$.

Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.
(b)
(c) Find the value of $a-b$ when $a=3$ and $b=-2$.
(c)

10 (a) Look at this table.

| Odd numbers | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $1^{2}$ |
| $1+3$ | $2^{2}$ |
| $1+3+5$ | $3^{2}$ |
|  |  |

The pattern in the table continues.
(i) Complete the next row of the table.
(ii) What will be written in the Total column of the 100th row?
(a)(ii)
(b) Here is another table.

| Even numbers | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2 | $1^{2}+1$ |
| $2+4$ | $2^{2}+2$ |
| $2+4+6$ | $3^{2}+3$ |
| $2+4+6+8$ | $4^{2}+4$ |

The pattern in this table continues.
Write an expression for the total of the first $n$ even numbers.
(b)

11 Noelle asks her friends how many holidays they had last year. Her results are shown in this bar chart.

(a) Show that Noelle asked 20 friends.
(b) Find the median number of holidays.
(b)
(c) Noelle says

Based on my sample, I estimate $10 \%$ of people in the UK had 4 holidays last year.
Give two reasons why Noelle should not base this estimate on her sample.

Reason 1 $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Reason 2 $\qquad$
$\qquad$

12 (a) Solve.

$$
3 a+10=a+40
$$

(a) $a=$
[3]
(b) Factorise.

$$
x^{2}-2 x-8
$$

(b)

13 A sequence is generated using the rule

- multiply the previous term by 2
- then subtract 30 .

The first term of the sequence is 40 .
(a) Find the second term.
(a)
(b) Find the fourth term.
$\qquad$
(b)

14 (a) Paul invests $£ 500$ at a rate of $1.5 \%$ per year compound interest.
Find the value of the investment after 3 years.
Give your answer correct to the nearest penny.
(a) $£$
(b) By what percentage has the value of Paul's investment increased after 3 years?
(b)

15 Jez finds a gold coin in a field.
This is a scale drawing of the field.

## Scale: $\mathbf{1 c m}$ represents $\mathbf{5 0 m}$



Jez says that the coin was

- an equal distance from each hedge
- an equal distance from each tree.

Show by construction that Jez is wrong.

16 A triangle has sides of length $23.8 \mathrm{~cm}, 31.2 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 39.6 cm .
Is this a right-angled triangle?
Show how you decide.
$\qquad$

17 John is going to drive from Cambridge to Newcastle.

(a) John needs to be in Newcastle at 11 am .

He drives at an average speed of 60 miles per hour.
What time does he need to leave Cambridge?
(a)
(b) State one assumption you have made.

Explain how this has affected your answer to part (a).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

18 When water freezes into ice its volume increases by $9 \%$. What volume of water freezes to make $1962 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of ice?

19 This is a sketch of the graph of $y=(x-1)(x-3)$.

(a) Write down the coordinates of points $A$ and $B$.
(a) $\qquad$ )
(b) Work out the coordinates of point P.
(b) P (
(c) Work out the coordinates of the turning point Q .
(c) Q (
[3]

TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 20

20 The table shows data for the UK about its population and the total amount of money spent on healthcare in 2002, 2007 and 2012.

| Year | Population | Total spent on healthcare $(£)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 2002 | $5.94 \times 10^{7}$ | $8.14 \times 10^{10}$ |
| 2007 | $6.13 \times 10^{7}$ | $1.20 \times 10^{11}$ |
| 2012 | $6.37 \times 10^{7}$ | $1.45 \times 10^{11}$ |

(a) How much more was spent on healthcare in 2007 than in 2002?

Give your answer in millions of pounds.
(a) £ $\qquad$ million
(b) Marcia says

The amount spent on healthcare per person in the UK doubled in 10 years.
Use the information in the table to comment on whether Marcia is correct.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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