## GCSE

## Mathematics

Unit J560/03: Foundation Tier Paper 3
General Certificate of Secondary Education

## Mark Scheme for November 2017

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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1. Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\checkmark$ | Correct |
| $x$ | Incorrect |
| BOD | Benefit of doubt |
| FT | Follow through |
| ISW | Ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained), provided method has been completed |
| M0 | Method mark awarded 0 |
| M1 | Method mark awarded 1 |
| M2 | Method mark awarded 2 |
| A1 | Accuracy mark awarded 1 |
| B1 | Independent mark awarded 1 |
| B2 | Independent mark awarded 2 |
| MR | Misread |
| SC | Special case |
| $\wedge$ | Omission sign |

These should be used whenever appropriate during your marking.
The M, A, B etc annotations must be used on your standardisation scripts for responses that are not awarded either 0 or full marks.
It is vital that you annotate these scripts to show how the marks have been awarded.
It is not mandatory to use annotations for any other marking, though you may wish to use them in some circumstances.

## Subject-Specific Marking Instructions

2. $\mathbf{M}$ marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.

A marks are for an accurate answer and depend on preceding M (method) marks. Therefore M0 A1 cannot be awarded.
B marks are independent of $\mathbf{M}$ (method) marks and are for a correct final answer, a partially correct answer, or a correct intermediate stage.
SC marks are for special cases that are worthy of some credit.
3. Unless the answer and marks columns of the mark scheme specify $\mathbf{M}$ and $\mathbf{A}$ marks etc, or the mark scheme is 'banded', then if the correct answer is clearly given and is not from wrong working full marks should be awarded.

Do not award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, ie incorrect working is seen and the correct answer clearly follows from it.
4. Where follow through (FT) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct.

Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word their for clarity, eg FT $180 \times$ (their ' 37 ' +16 ), or FT $300-\sqrt{ }\left(\right.$ their ${ }^{\prime} 5^{2}+7^{2}$ '). Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by eg FT $3 \times$ their (a).

For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.
5. Where dependent (dep) marks are indicated in the mark scheme, you must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.
6. The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.

- cao means correct answer only.
- figs 237, for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point eg $237000,2.37,2.370,0.00237$ would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not.
- isw means ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained).
- nfww means not from wrong working.
- oe means or equivalent.
- rot means rounded or truncated.
- seen means that you should award the mark if that number/expression is seen anywhere in the answer space, including the answer line,
even if it is not in the method leading to the final answer.
- soi means seen or implied.

7. Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated for example by the instruction 'mark final answer'.
8. As a general principle, if two or more methods are offered, mark only the method that leads to the answer on the answer line. If two (or more) answers are offered, mark the poorer (poorest).
9. When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ marks. Deduct 1 mark from any $\mathbf{A}$ or $\mathbf{B}$ marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. M marks are not deducted for misreads.
10. Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75 , which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to $15.8,15$ or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75 .
11. If the correct answer is seen in the body and the answer given in the answer space is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer' or 'cao'. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.

If the answer space is blank but the correct answer is seen in the body allow full marks. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.
If the correct answer is seen in the working but a completely different answer is seen in the answer space, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks would still be awarded. Use the M0, M1, M2 annotations as appropriate and place the annotation $\times$ next to the wrong answer.
12. Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.
13. For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
14. Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) |  | edges | 1 | Any clear indication, Eg ringed, others deleted | Condone poor spelling |
|  | (b) |  | Accept any clear indication | 1 | Expect arc or mark (eg cross) at CAB |  |
|  | (c) |  | [a] straight line | 1 | Any clear indication, Eg ringed, others deleted | Condone poor spelling or line |
| 2 | (a) |  | $\frac{3}{7} \mathrm{oe}$ | 1 | Accept equivalent eg $\frac{6}{14}, \frac{21}{49}$ or 0.428 to 0.429 or $42.8 \%$ to $42.9 \%$ |  |
|  | (b) |  | 5,6 and 7 cao | 2 | B1 for $\frac{4}{16}$ or $\frac{8}{16}$ seen or <br> At least one from 5, 6 or 7 (condone 4 and/or 8 included) | Allow $\frac{5}{16}, \frac{6}{16}, \frac{7}{16}$ for $\mathbf{B 1}$ |
| 3 | (a) |  | 48 | 2 | M1 for $6 \times 2 \times 4$ | May be in stages |
|  | (b) |  | 8 | 3 | M2 for $\sqrt{\frac{320}{5}}$ or $\mathbf{M 1}$ for $\frac{320}{5}$ soi 64 or $5 k^{2}=320$ |  |
| 4 | (a) | (i) | -12 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | 256 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | 10.35 cao | 1 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|lll} \hline & -20 & \\ 2 & & 5 \end{array}$ | 3 | B1 for each If 0 scored SC1 for $-4 \times$ their 5 correct | Middle right box |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | (a) |  | 5:2 | 2 | B1 for 30 [:] 12 oe <br> If 0 scored SC1 for $5: 7$ or $2: 5$ | Condone same units in ratios B1 for 15:6 or 10:4 or $2.5: 1$ or 1 : [0]. 4 may miss ratio signs |
|  | (b) |  | [0]. 28 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 for } 250 \text { or [0].7 seen } \\ & \text { or } 2500 \text { and } 700 \\ & \text { or figs } 28 \text { in answer } \\ & \text { If } 0 \text { scored } \mathbf{S C 1} \text { for [1: ] } 3.57[1 \ldots] \end{aligned}$ | Condone answer 1 : [0]. 28 for B2 |
|  | (c) | (i) | 5000 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | 50 | 2 | M1 for their $5000 \div 2 \div 50$ oe |  |
| 7 | (a) |  |  15 <br> 90 15 <br>   <br>  20 <br>  10 | 4 | B3 for 4 correct <br> or <br> B2 for 3 correct <br> or <br> B1 for 2 correct <br> If 0 scored SC1 for <br> their apple $=2 \times$ their grapefruit |  |
|  | (b) | (i) | 80 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | Orange juice might have run out or <br> 50 is a small sample oe [so may not be representative] <br> These are different men so may make different choices oe <br> Scaling may not produce the exact number | 1 | Any valid practical reason. Eg running out, (others) being promoted. <br> Any valid statistical reason Eg Choices may be in different proportion [in this group]. <br> Expectation so may be different | Do not accept any suggestion that men may have changed their mind. <br> Mark the best part of the statement and ignore any non-contradictory parts |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance <br> $\mathbf{8}$ (a) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) |  | 5 | 2 | M1 for $1 \div[0] .05[\times 200]$ oe or $\mathbf{B 1}$ for 250 or $[0] .25$ or $\times 20$ or figs 4 or 5 in answer | Condone 250 on answer line |
| 10 | (a) |  | $7^{4}$ | 1 |  | Condone $7^{4}=2401$ on answer line |
|  | (b) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \times 4 \\ & 2 \times 2 \times 2 \\ & {[=] 2^{6}} \end{aligned}$ | 2 | B1 for one line correct |  |
|  | (c) |  | $1.02 \times 10^{3}, 3 \times 10^{2}, 8.1 \times 10^{[1]}, 9.83 \times 10^{-2}$ | 1 | Accept 1020, 300, 81, [0].0983 | Condone error in writing 0.0983 if order correct. |
| 11 | (a) |  | 4 points plotted and a ruled line joining | 2 | B1 for 3 points correctly plotted | Line at least between $(0,100)$ and $(150,25)$ <br> Use overlay as guide. $1 / 2$ square accuracy |
|  | (b) | (i) | 198 to 202 | 1 | Do not FT their line |  |
|  |  | (ii) | Battery usage remains the same or Battery can be used right to 0\% or Trend or pattern continues | 1 | Accept For every 50 km it uses $25 \%$ |  |
|  | (c) | (i) | $-\frac{1}{2} \text { oe or }-[0] .5$ | 1 |  | Ignore units |
|  |  | (ii) | 100 | 1 | Accept 0, 100 |  |
|  | (d) |  | $-\frac{1}{2} d+100$ | 1 | FT their (c)(i)d + their ( $\mathbf{c}$ )(ii) | Accept any letter for d (except c) |
|  | (e) | (i) | -5 | 2 | FT their (d) if linear in $d$. <br> B1 for correct substitution of 210 | Expect $-\frac{1}{2} \times 210+100$ <br> Accept any letter for $d$ (except $c$ ) |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (ii) | Impossible [as battery cannot have negative charge] oe | 1 | FT their (i) only if their equation gives negative outcome |  |
| 12 | (a) |  | $(0,1)$ | 2 | $\text { B1 for (0, ..g..) } \quad g \neq 1$ <br> or <br> M1 for $y=2 x+1$ or $y-2 \times 0=1$ |  |
|  | (b) |  | 4 | 3 | ```B1 for \(\mathrm{C}=-2\) or M1 for \(y=3 k-2 \quad k \neq 0\) And M1 for \(10=3 k-2\)``` | B1 soi $3 x-2$ or $3 x$ number -2 Allow $x$ for $k$ |
| 13 | (a) |  | 42 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1.47 \times 10^{7}}{3.5 \times 10^{5}}$ oe <br> If 0 scored SC1 for figs 42 in answer | $\text { Eg. } \frac{14700000}{350000}$ |
|  | (b) |  | $4.2[3 . ..] \times 10^{9}$ | 3 | B2 for 4233600000 oe as answer or M1 for their $1.47 \times 10^{7} \times 288$ If 0 scored SC1 for figs 423[...] in answer | $\text { Eg. } 423 .[36] \times 10^{7}$ <br> their $1.47 \times 10^{7}$ converted from info in (a) |
|  | (c) | (i) | 6450 | 3 | B2 for 6447 to 6448 or M1 for $\frac{1.47 \times 10^{7}}{(152 \times 15)}$ oe or figs 6447 in answer | May be in stages. NB: $152 \times 15=2280$ |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (ii) | Each machine makes the same amount of sweets. <br> or There are no breakdowns oe or Machines running at same rate oe or All machines run for the same time oe | 1 |  |  |
| 14 | (a) |  | 5.34 | 4 | B1 for 1.5, 4.5, 7.5, 10.5, 13.5 <br> M1FT for $1.5 \times 6 \quad 4.5 \times 10 \quad 7.5 \times 6$ $10.5 \times 213.5 \times 1$ <br> soi $9,45,45,21,13.5$ or 133.5 <br> for their $133.5 \div 25$ | At least 4 midpoints correct <br> FT midpoints or either end of range values consistently used Allow one numerical error Four correct products or 133.5 imply B1 and M1 |
|  | (b) |  | Exact times for each customer are not recorded oe | 1 |  | Do not accept, "Because the midpoint is used" or comments on the method used. |
| 15 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1500 \times 2 \div 100 \text { oe } \\ & 1500+30=1530 \\ & 1530 \times 1.05 \text { oe leading to } 1606.5[0] \end{aligned}$ <br> OR <br> Alternative marking $\begin{aligned} & 2 \% \text { of } 1500=30 \\ & 1500+30=1530 \\ & 5 \% \text { of } 1530=76.5[0] \\ & 1530+76.5[0]=1606.5[0] \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> B2 <br> M1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | Follow method if calculations seen Allow $1500 \times[0] .02$ <br> B1 for 30 or 1530 (no addition shown) <br> or $(1606.50-1530) \div 1530 \times 100$ [= 5] or $76.50 \div 1530 \times 100$ [ $=5$ ] <br> Follow method if explanation seen | Mark by ONE method only <br> $1500 \times 1.02=1530$ scores M1 B2 <br> 30 or 1530 (no working) scores M0B1 <br> May be seen in stages Non-calculator method must be complete to score M1 $\begin{aligned} & 1 \% \rightarrow 1530 \div 100=15.3 \\ & 5 \% \rightarrow 15.3 \times 5=76.5 \\ & 1530+76.5[=1606.5] \end{aligned}$ |


| Question |  |  | Answer$\frac{1}{5}$ of Bag A's counters [are red]orThe ratio of red to yellow in Bag B is 1:3 |  |  | Marks 1 | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | (a) | (i) |  |  |  | Accept 1:4=$\frac{1}{5}$ <br> Accept $\frac{1}{4}=1: 3$ | Equivalents may be percentages or decimals <br> Eg. Bag A: 20\% red, Bag B: 25\% red. |
|  |  | (ii) | Correct | er is Red 4 5 | integer multiple of this. |  | 3 | $B 1$ for (Bag $A$ ) yellow $=4 \times$ red and $A$ total $=B$ total <br> B1 for (Bag B) yellow $=3 \times$ red <br> If 0 scored SC2 for correct figures but transposed horizontally | Eg $\times 2$  $\times 3$   <br> 8 32  12 48  <br> 10 30  15 45  <br>  $\times 4$  $\times 5$   <br> 16 64  20 80  <br> 20 60  25 75  <br>  $\times 6$  $\times 10$   <br> 24 96  40 160  <br> 30 90  50 150  |
|  | (b) |  | 20 nfww |  |  | 3 | B1 for two ratios equivalent to 3:4 <br> M1 for their 15:20 reduced to (15-3):20 <br> Alternative approach <br> B1 for two fractions equivalent to $\frac{3}{7}$ <br> M1 for their $\frac{15}{35}$ reduced to $\frac{15-3}{32}$ | $6: 8,9: 12,12: 16,15: 20, \ldots$ <br> their 15:20 any ratio but not 3:4 <br> using equivalent fractions: $\text { Eg } \frac{6}{14} \text { or } \frac{9}{21} \text { or } \frac{12}{28} \text { or } \frac{15}{35}$ <br> their $\frac{15}{35}$ any fraction but not $\frac{3}{7}$ |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |



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