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Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
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Candidate signature			

GCSE BIOLOGY



Higher Tier Paper 2H

Friday 7 June 2019

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
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4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
TOTAL	l	



	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.	Do not write outside the box
0 1	Figure 1 shows a food chain in a pond. Figure 1	
	rigure i	
	Algae → Daphnia → Hydra → Dragonfly nymph	
0 1.1	Which term describes the Daphnia in this food chain? [1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Apex predator	
	Primary consumer	
	Producer	
	Secondary consumer	



0 1.2	Draw a pyramid of biomass for the food chain.	Do not write outside the box
	Label each trophic level. [2 marks]	
	[2 marks]	
	Cive and reason why the total hismans of the Donhais in the need is different from	
0 1 . 3	Give one reason why the total biomass of the Daphnia in the pond is different from the total biomass of the algae.	
	[1 mark]	
	Question 1 continues on the next page	

Students investigated the size of the population of Daphnia in the pond.

Do not write outside the box

This is the method used.

- 1. Collect 1 dm³ of pond water from near the edge of the pond.
- 2. Pour the water through a fine net.
- 3. Count the number of Daphnia caught in the net.
- 4. Repeat steps 1–3 four more times.

Table 1 shows the results.

Table 1

Sample number	Number of Daphnia in 1 dm³ water
1	5
2	21
3	0
4	16
5	28

0 1 . 4	Calculate the mean number of Daphnia in 1 m ³ of pond water.	
	$1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ dm}^3$	
		[2 marks]
	Mean number of Daphnia in 1 m ³ of pond water =	



	· ·	
0 1 . 5	The pond was a rectangular shape, measuring:	Do not write outside the box
	• length = 2.5 metres	
	• width = 1.5 metres	
	• depth = 0.5 metres.	
	Calculate the estimated number of Daphnia in the pond.	
	Use your answer from Question 01.4.	
	Give your answer in standard form. [4 marks]	
	Number of Daphnia in the pond =	
	Question 1 continues on the next page	
	l l	



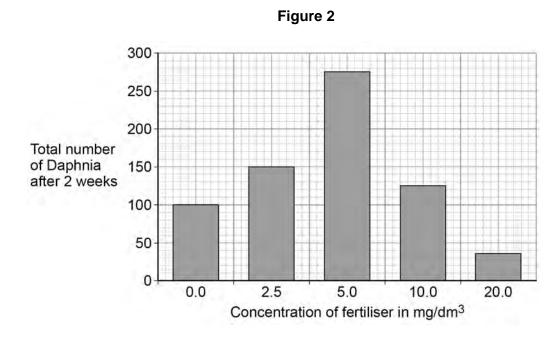
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Rainfall can cause fertiliser to be washed from farmland into a pond.

The students investigated the effect of fertiliser on the population of Daphnia in water from the pond.

- The students put 20 Daphnia in each of five different concentrations of fertiliser.
- The students counted the total number of Daphnia in each concentration of fertiliser after 2 weeks.

Figure 2 shows the results.



0 1 . 6	A concentration of 5.0 mg/dm³ of fertiliser caused a large increase in the population of Daphnia.
	Explain why. [2 marks]



	Figure 1	
	rigure i	
	Algae → Daphnia → Hydra → Dragonfly nymph	
	Γhe population of Hydra will decrease when 20 mg/dm ³ of fertiliser is added to he pond.	
E	Explain why. [2 marks]	
-		

Turn over for the next question



O 2 Genetic material is made of DNA.

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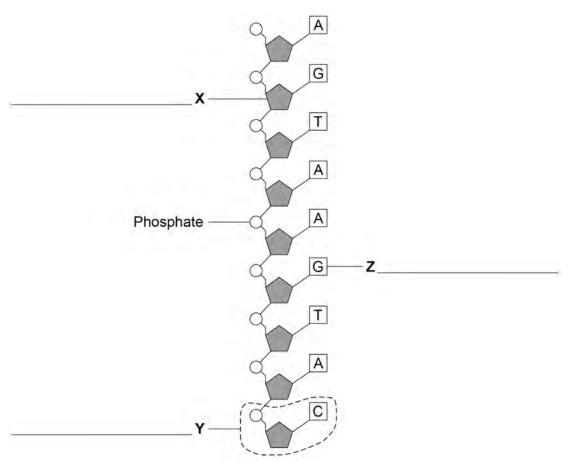
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O 2 . 1 Which structures in the nucleus of a human cell contain DNA?

[1 mark]

Figure 3 shows part of one strand of a DNA molecule.

Figure 3



0 2. 2 Label parts X, Y and Z on Figure 3.

Choose answers from the box.

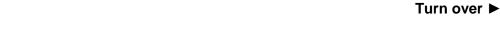
[3 marks]

Base Fatty acid Nucleotide Sugar Glycerol



0 2 . 3	A complete DNA molecule is made of two strands twisted around each other.
	What scientific term describes this structure? [1 mark]
0 2 . 4	DNA codes for the production of proteins.
	A protein molecule is a long chain of amino acids.
	How many amino acids could be coded for by the piece of DNA shown in Figure 3?
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.
	2 3 9 18
0 2 . 5	Scientists have now studied the whole human genome.
	Give two benefits of understanding the human genome. [2 marks]
	1
	2

Turn over for the next question





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0 3	Phototropism is a growth response by part of a plant to light.
0 3 . 1	Name one other tropism.
	Give the stimulus the plant responds to in the tropism you have named. [2 marks]
	Tropism
	Stimulus
0 3.2	Plan an investigation to show the effect of light from one direction on the growth of plant seedlings.
	Include details of any controls needed.
	You may use some of the equipment shown in Figure 4 and any other laboratory apparatus.
	[6 marks]
	Figure 4
	Several pots of seedlings Scissors
	Ruler Lamp Cardboard boxes with lids



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0 3 . 3	Explain how phototropism in a plant shoot helps the plant to survive.	[3 marks]	
			11



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0 4 The human eye can focus on objects at different distances. Figure 5 shows how a clear image of a distant object is formed in a person's eye. Figure 5 Light rays from distant object Explain how the person's eye could adjust to form a clear image of a nearer object. [6 marks]



		Do not write outside the box
0 4 . 2	Explain why a long-sighted person has difficulty seeing near objects clearly. [2 marks]	
0 4.3	Long-sightedness can be corrected by wearing spectacles.	
	Describe how spectacle lenses can correct long-sightedness. [3 marks]	
		11



0 5

Table 2 gives the classification of four plant species.

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Table 2

Group	Species 1	Species 2	Species 3	Species 4
Kingdom	Plantae	Plantae	Plantae	Plantae
Phylum	Spermatophyta	Spermatophyta	Spermatophyta	Spermatophyta
Class	Monocotyledonae	Dicotyledonae	Monocotyledonae	Dicotyledonae
Order	Poales	Fabales	Poales	Scrophulariales
Family	Cyperaceae	Fabaceae	Poaceae	Scrophulariaceae
Genus	Eriophorum	Pisum	Poa	Antirrhinum
Species	angustifolium	sativum	annua	majus

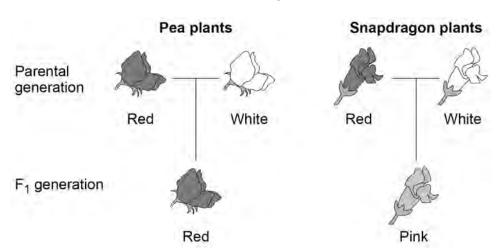
0 5 . 1 Species 1 and 3 are the most closely related.

What information in Table 2 gives evidence for this?

[1 mark]

Figure 6 shows the inheritance of flower colour in two species of plant.

Figure 6



- In pea plants and in snapdragon plants, flower colour is controlled by one pair of alleles.
- In **Figure 6** the parental generation plants are homozygous for flower colour.
- In heterozygous **pea** plants, the allele for red flower colour is dominant.
- In heterozygous **snapdragon** plants, the alleles for flower colour are both expressed.



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	Use the following symbols for alleles in your answers to Questions 05.2 to 05.4 :		
	Pea plants	Snapdragon plants	
	R = allele for red flowersr = allele for white flowers	C^R = allele for red flowersC^W = allele for white flowers	
0 5.2	What is the genotype of the red-flowered pe	ea plants in the F ₁ generation?	[1 mark]
0 5.3	What is the genotype of a white-flowered sr	napdragon plant?	[1 mark]
	A gardener crossed two pink-flowered snap	dragon plants.	
0 5.4	Draw a Punnett square diagram to show wh had pink flowers.	ly only some of the next generation	on plants
	Identify the phenotypes of all the offspring p		[3 marks]
0 5.5	What percentage of the offspring would you	expect to have pink flowers?	[1 mark]
	F	Percentage =	%



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Commercially, hundreds of pink-flowered snapdragon plants can be produced from one pink-flowered plant.

Figure 7 shows a tissue culture technique used for producing many plants from one plant.

Figure 7 Pink-flowered snapdragon plant Remove leaf Scrape off several small groups of cells onto agar jelly Agar jelly + nutrients + hormones Keep in sterile conditions at 20 °C

Many snapdragon plants, all with pink flowers



0 5.6	Give a reason for each of the following steps shown in Figure 7. [5 marks]	Do not wri outside th box
	Several groups of cells are scraped off the leaf:	
	Nutrients are added to the agar jelly:	
	Hormones are added to the agar jelly:	
	The plant cells are kept in sterile conditions:	
	The plant cells are kept at 20 °C:	
0 5 7	Explain why the method shown in Figure 7 produces only pink-flowered plants. [2 marks]	
		14



0 6	Water conservation is important to the human body.	Do not write outside the box
0 6.1	Which gland releases the hormone that controls water loss from the body? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	Adrenal	
	Pancreas	
	Pituitary	
	Thyroid	
0 6.2	Which hormone helps the kidneys to control water loss from the body? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	ADH	
	Adrenaline	
	LH	
	Thyroxine	



	19	
0 6.3	A man is walking across a desert.	Do not wr outside th box
	The man has used up his supply of drinking water.	
	Explain how the gland you named in Question 06.1 and the kidneys reduce	
	water loss. [3 mark	ks]
	Question 6 continues on the next page	



0 6 . 4	Some people have kidney failure.	Do not write outside the box
	Doctors may treat patients with kidney failure by either:	
	• dialysis	
	a kidney transplant.	
	Explain two biological reasons why most doctors think that a kidney transplant is a better method of treatment than dialysis.	
	Do not refer to cost or convenience. [4 marks]	
	Reason 1	
	Reason 2	
		9



0 7	Ragwort is a weed that grows on farmland.	Do not write outside the box
	Ragwort is poisonous to horses.	
0 7.1	Plan an investigation to estimate the size of a population of ragwort growing in a rectangular field on a farm.	
	[4 marks]	
	Question 7 continues on the next ness	
	Question 7 continues on the next page	



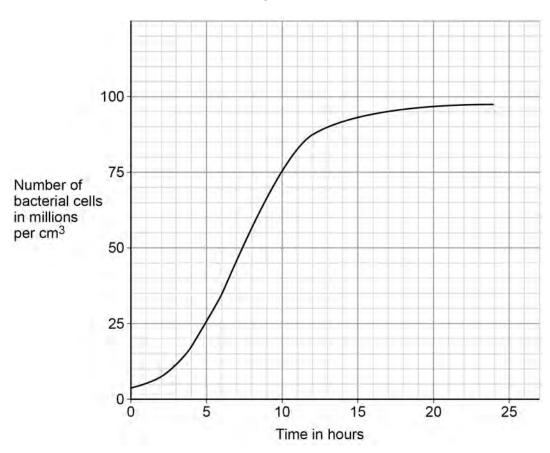
The herbicide glyphosate will kill ragwort and other weeds.

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Scientists use bacteria for the genetic engineering of crop plants to make the crops resistant to glyphosate.

Figure 8 shows the growth of a culture of the bacteria in a solution of nutrients at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Figure 8



0 7.2	Why did the rate of reproduction increase between 2 hours and 7 hours?	[1 mark]



0 7.3	After 12 hours, the rate of reproduction decreased.	Do not write outside the box
	Suggest three ways the scientists could maintain a high rate of reproduction in the bacterial culture.	
	[3 marks]	
	1	
	2	
	2	
	3	
0 7 4	The rate of reproduction of the bacteria is fastest at 7 hours.	
0 7 . 4	How many times faster is the rate of reproduction at 7 hours than the rate at	
	12 hours? [4 marks]	
	Pate at 7 hours is times faster	
	Rate at 7 hours is times faster.	
	Question 7 continues on the next page	



0 7.5	Scientists transferred a gene for resistance to the herbicide glyphosate into the bacteria.	Do not write outside the box
	The genetically-modified (GM) bacteria can then transfer the glyphosate-resistance gene to a crop plant.	
	Explain the advantage of making crop plants resistant to glyphosate. [3 marks]	
		15



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0 8	It is important to keep the blood glucose concentration within narrow limits.
0 8.1	A person eats a meal containing a lot of carbohydrate. This causes an increase in the person's blood glucose concentration.
	Explain how the hormones insulin and glucagon control the person's blood glucose concentration after the meal.
	[5 marks]
0 8.2	The body cells of a person with Type 2 diabetes do not respond to insulin .
	A person with Type 2 diabetes often has a higher blood insulin concentration than a non-diabetic person.
	Explain why. [3 marks]





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Metformin is a drug used for treating people who have Type 2 diabetes.

Scientists investigated the effects of metformin and two other drugs, A and B.

The scientists wanted to see how the drugs affected the blood glucose concentrations of 220 people with Type 2 diabetes.

This is the method used.

- 1. Put the 220 people into five groups.
- 2. Treat each group with a different drug or combination of drugs for several weeks.
- 3. Give each person a meal high in carbohydrate.
- 4. Measure the blood glucose concentration of each person 30 minutes after the meal and again 3 hours after the meal.

0 8 . 3	Suggest three variables that the scientists should have controlled in the investigation. [3 marks]
	1
	2
	3



			Do not write outside the
	The scientists recorded their results as a mean value for each group.		box
	The scientists calculated the 'standard deviation' for each group's result.		
	Standard deviation is a measure of the spread of the individual results above or below (\pm) the mean value.		
	The scientists gave each group's result as:		
	mean ± standard deviation		
	The larger the standard deviation, the greater is the spread of results around the mean.		
0 8.4	Which of the results is the most precise?	[1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Mean = 171.6 ± 16.3		
	Mean = 177.2 ± 15.4		
	Mean = 182.5 ± 18.2		
	Mean = 205.2 ± 19.4		
	Question 8 continues on the next page		



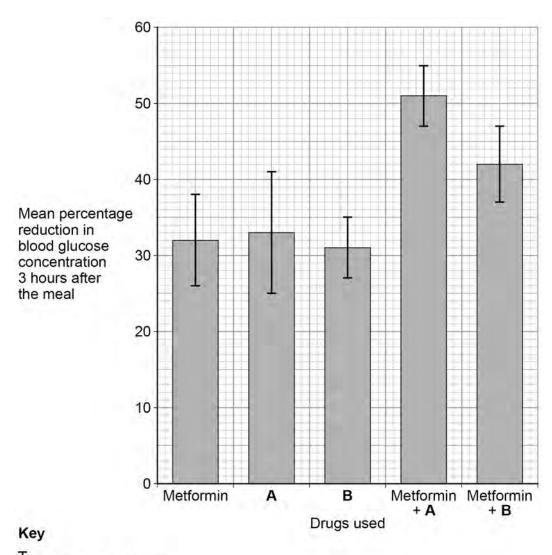
Table 3 and Figure 9 show the scientists' results.

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Table 3

Drugs used	Metformin	A	В	Metformin + A	Metformin + B
Number of people	60	40	25	65	30
Mean blood glucose concentration 30 minutes after the meal in mg/100 cm ³ ± standard deviation	177.2 ± 15.4	182.5 ± 18.2	171.6 ± 16.3	205.2 ± 19.4	206.5 ± 19.6



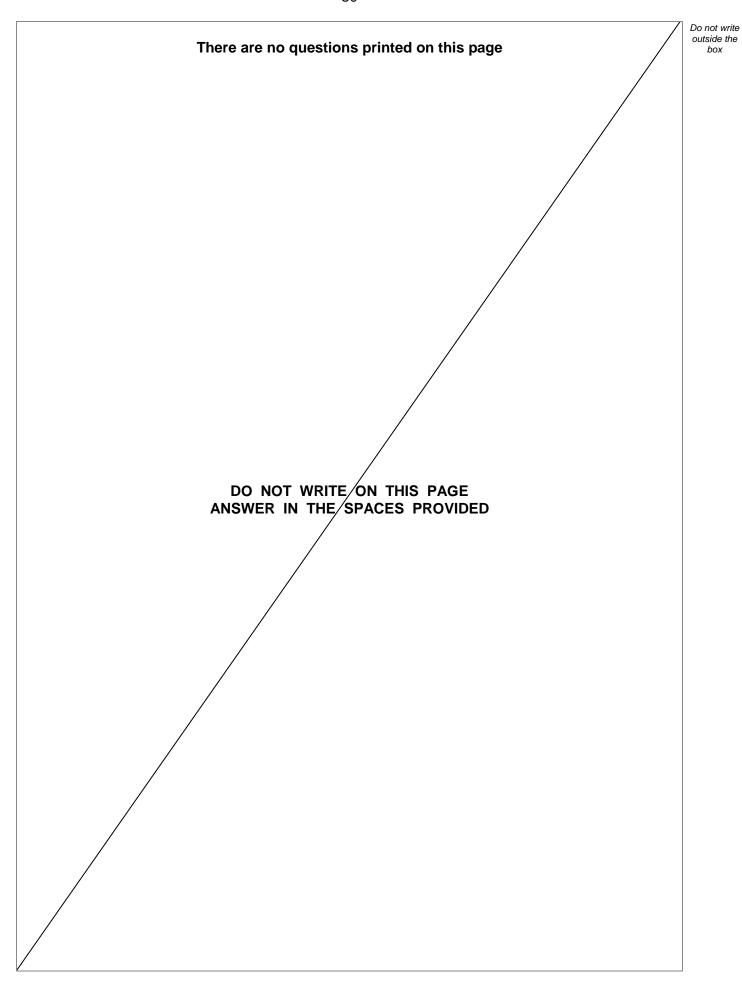


± standard deviation

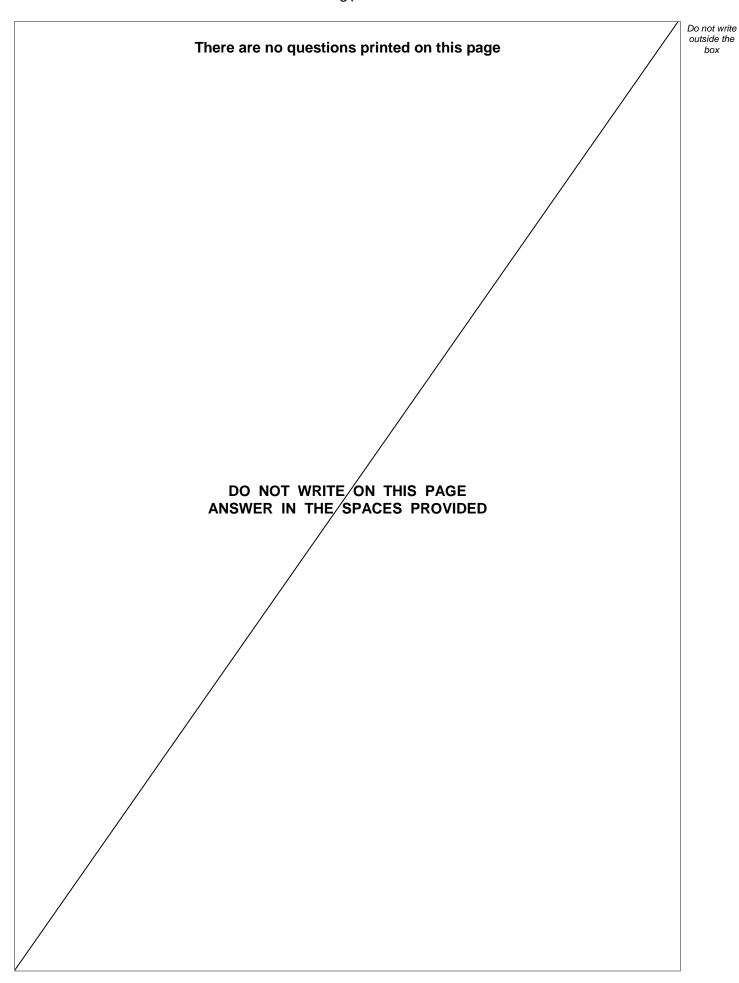


0 8 . 5	In Table 3 and Figure 9 some standard deviations of results overlap.	Do not write outside the box
	 An overlap of standard deviations shows the difference between the means is not significant. 	
	 No overlap of standard deviations shows a significant difference between the means. 	
	A student looked at the scientists' method and the results in Table 3 and Figure 9 .	
	The student stated:	
	'Metformin works better when used with other drugs.'	
	Evaluate the student's statement. [6 marks]	
		<u> </u>
		18

END OF QUESTIONS









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